

Ball Aerospace Program Process Tailoring

Aligning Development Processes with Mission Classifications

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Director, Quality Management Resources
October 2014

Agility to Innovate, Strength to Deliver



**Ball Aerospace
& Technologies Corp.**



- **Purpose**
 - Share Ball's capability to save cost by tailoring program specific product development processes to meet customer expectations

- **Method**
 - What is Program Process Tailoring?
 - How does it work?
 - How do we align expectations?

- **Outcome**
 - Understanding of customer-aligned cost-saving opportunities



Industry Mission Classification Framework Established

- Framework provided by
 - NASA NPR 8705.4, DoD Handbook 343
 - Mission Risk Planning and Acquisition Tailoring Guidelines for National Security Space Vehicles 2010 (TOR-2011(8591)-21)
 - Mission Assurance Guidelines for A-D Mission Risk Classes 2011 (TOR-2011(8591)-21)

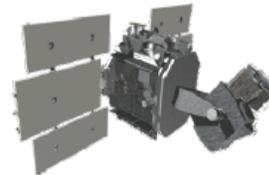
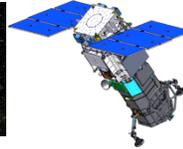
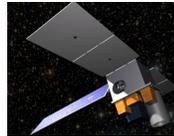
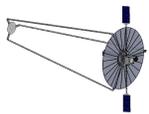


| | Class A | Class B | Class C | Class D |
|-------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Mission Risk Acceptance | Lowest | Low | Moderate | Highest |
| National Significance | Extremely Critical | Critical | Not Critical | Not Critical |
| Payloads | Operational | Demonstrates Operational Utility May become Operational | Typically Experimental | Typically Experimental |
| Acquisition Cost | Highest | High | Medium | Lowest |
| Development Time | May take 4 or more years | May take 3 or more years | May take 2 or more years | May take 1 or more years |
| Mission Life | Long, Greater than 5 yrs (typically 8–10+ yrs) | Medium, Up to 5 years | Short, typically less than 2 years | Short, typically less than 1 year |
| Launch Constraints | Critical | Medium | Few | Few to none |

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Spectrum of Program Risk Profiles Demands Process Agility



Research and
Development

Development and
Demonstration

Operational
Systems

National Needs
Programs

- **Multiple variable affect the ability to tailor in alignment with customer needs**
 - **Complexity of mission requirements**
 - **Command media and organizational maturity**
 - **Customer confidence in cost, performance, reliability, and risk capabilities**
 - **Demonstrated ability to adapt to a variety of customer requirements**



Program Process Tailoring Foundation

- **Why Process Tailoring?**
 - Meet cost point by matching customer requirements for different types of missions
 - Apply more cost effective path to same mission success endpoint

- **What does Execution Tailoring mean?**
 - Tailor execution strategy to save cost on low-likelihood risks
 - Same flight hardware processes with less evidence of assurance
 - No change to mission risk or probability of success
 - Greater tolerance for programmatic risk

- **How does Execution Tailoring work?**
 - Leverage mature processes and experience
 - Program flow down of requirements accommodates execution tailoring
 - Program specific control with documented tailoring



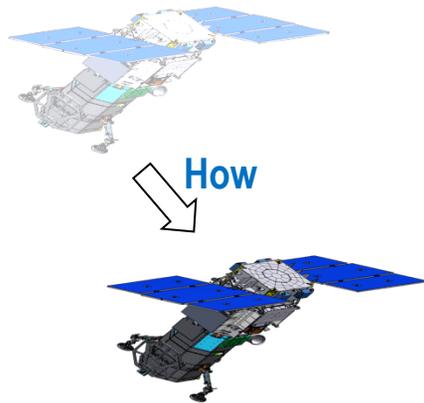
What is Process Tailoring?

- Ball's Program Process Tailoring system allows programs to meet the specific expectations of multiple customers with differing needs

Customer Needs and Expectations

Program Specific Execution Tailoring

Program Execution Aligned with Expectations



- Cost
- Schedule
- Performance
- Methodology



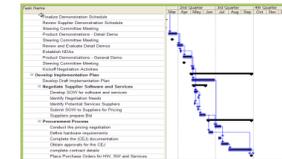
| Item | Item Description | Item Number | Item Revision | Item Date | Item Status | Item Category | Item Type | Item Unit | Item Weight | Item Volume | Item Value | Item Cost | Item Schedule | Item Performance | Item Methodology |
|------|------------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-------------|------------|-----------|---------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 2 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 3 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |



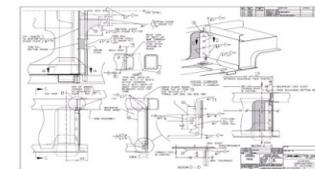
Ball Process

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* WASTE, A.002 PROCESSING OPERATIONAL MAINTENANCE AND...
* WASTE, A.003 PROCESSING OPERATIONAL MAINTENANCE AND...
* WASTE, A.004 PROCESSING OPERATIONAL MAINTENANCE AND...
* WASTE, A.005 PROCESSING OPERATIONAL MAINTENANCE AND...
* WASTE, A.006 PROCESSING OPERATIONAL MAINTENANCE AND...
* WASTE, A.007 PROCESSING OPERATIONAL MAINTENANCE AND...
* WASTE, A.008 PROCESSING OPERATIONAL MAINTENANCE AND...
* WASTE, A.009 PROCESSING OPERATIONAL MAINTENANCE AND...
* WASTE, A.010 PROCESSING OPERATIONAL MAINTENANCE AND...
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* WASTE, A.018 PROCESSING OPERATIONAL MAINTENANCE AND...
* WASTE, A.019 PROCESSING OPERATIONAL MAINTENANCE AND...
* WASTE, A.020 PROCESSING OPERATIONAL MAINTENANCE AND...
  
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| 2 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 3 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |





Process Standards Ensure Quality Product Consistency

- **Internal Standard examples**
 - Fastener processing
 - Packaging for contamination and electrostatic discharge protection
 - Surface preparation for bonding
 - Cleaning and preparation of aluminum and aluminum alloy surfaces
 - Material handling equipment
 - Foreign object debris (FOD) prevention
 - Parts de-rating
 - Fastener torque
- **External Standards**
 - AS9100C Certified Quality Management System
 - Others as required by contract
 - Ball standard practices may exceed external standard requirements

Process Tailoring does not permit deviation from applicable standards



Distinctions between Types of Risk

- **Mission Risk**
 - Probability of inability to meet specifications on orbit
 - Example: Manufacturing defect leads to reduced mission life

- **Programmatic Risk**
 - Probability of cost or schedule impact (as a result of reduced development rigor)
 - Example: Program does not screen electronic parts, so part defects would be found during board or box-level functional or environmental testing.

- **Acquisition Risk Tolerance**
 - Acceptance of risk by forgoing levels of oversight of the development process in exchange from reduced development cost
 - Example: Customer not on parts selection board or approver of detailed designs



Execution Tailoring Methodology

1. Obtain clear understanding of customer expectations and values

- ❖ Mission needs
- ❖ Programmatic needs

2. Tailor our product architectures and execution for cost control

- ❖ Timely information and transparency balance reduced evidence of assurance
- ❖ **Mission** risk mitigation aligns to **performance** requirements
- ❖ **Programmatic** risk mitigation aligns to **contract** requirements
 - Fixed price contracts allow Ball to control programmatic risk

3. Partner with customer for shared control

- ❖ Provide a high level of program insight
- ❖ Provide customer timely information
- ❖ Provide appropriate program influence and control



Mapping of Mission Class Maintains Acceptable Risk

| Mission Risk Class | Class A | Class B | Class C | Class D |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Ball Internal Product Class or Product Type | Class 1 | Class 1: Operational Class 2: Commercial | Class 3 | Class 3: Enhanced D Class 4: Safety Only |
| Mission Success | All Mission Requirements Met | All Mission Requirements Met | All Mission Requirements Met | All Mission Requirements Met |
| Driving Factors | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • >> mission length • Custom developed • Highest Cost • Customer oversight • Low Pf: large number of mitigations | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • > mission length • Heritage developed • Lower cost • Customer Insight/Oversight • Low Pf: Part quality, margins, redundancy | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • < mission length • Heritage developed • Low cost • Customer insight • Corporate practices • Low Pf: Part quality, test actions | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • << mission length • Cubesat/Prototype • Lowest cost • Corporate practices • Low Pf: Threshold and safety focus |



What Changes Across Product Class?

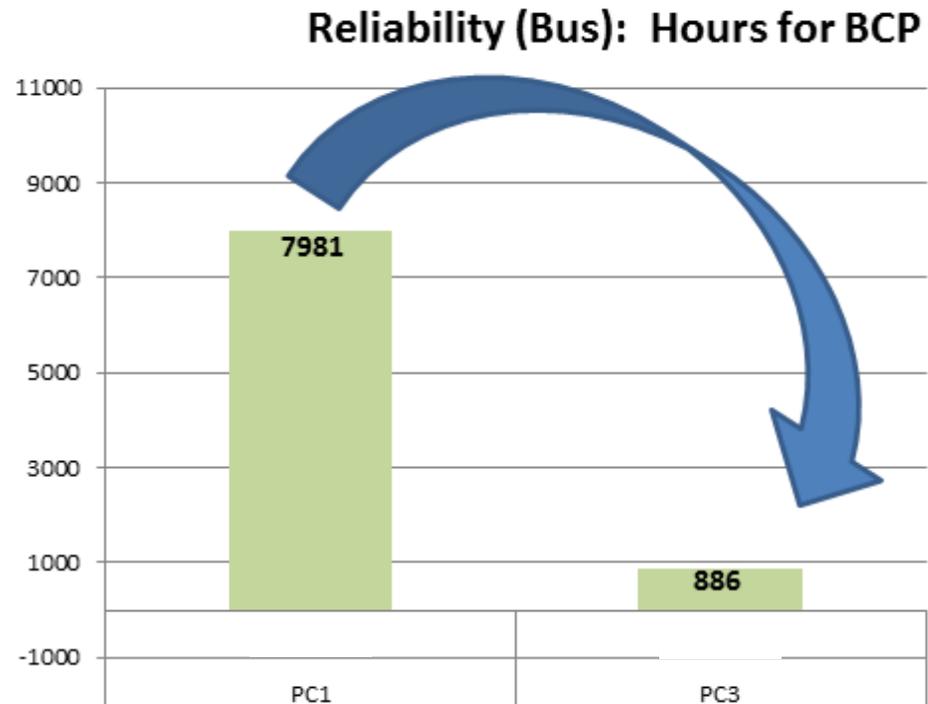
| Product Class | | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| Design | Design Integrity | Comprehensive design practice using state-of-the-art tools. High designer qualifications, strong overall responsibility and accountability | | | | |
| | Design Review | Peer, MA, <i>Industry Partner</i> , Program designated reporting and review | Peer, MA, Program designated review of <i>Ball format</i> | Peer, MA on <i>critical areas</i> , Program insight through <i>hands-on interaction</i> | Peer, Program acceptance of <i>final test</i> | Program specific Peer review on critical areas |
| | Released Engineering | Production Release Program defined reporting | Production Released <i>Minor adjustment of Ball formatted reporting</i> | Production Release <i>Ball format and control</i> | Prod. or <i>Limited Release Ball format and control</i> | |
| | System Engineering | Tech/architecture authority and control, Risk/ Requirement implementation, Program V&V and planning under revision control | | Tech/Architecture authority, Risk/Req. Implementation, <i>BATC V&V, Planning documented</i> | Best Engineering Practice as required | |
| | Evidence of Assurance - Level | <u>Comprehensive</u> program driven (format and method) verification attributes | | Comprehensive BATC driven verification attributes <i>with appropriate program additions and deliverables</i> | BATC Engineering attribute verification <i>with BATC MA verification for critical areas</i> | |
| 1 2 3 4 5 | | | | | | |
| Manufacturing | Mfg Process | Comprehensive, approved manufacturing processes, implemented by highly trained and appropriately certified practitioners | | | Build documentation formality streamlined | |
| | Build Control | State-of-the-art Electronic Manufacturing Control System(s) , released engineering BOMs and procedures | | | Released engineering with <i>streamlined build docs</i> | |
| | Test | Comprehensive Test like you fly approach, Formal released plans, full facilities and test readiness reviews and approvals by Program | | Comprehensive test-like-you-fly approach, documented test plans, and test readiness reviews | <i>Thorough Test</i> like you fly approach with <i>subsystem test reductions</i> | |
| | Material and Subcontractor Approval | Parts approval board, Program Approved Parts List (PAPL), approved suppliers, Full MRP | | <i>Approval managed through PAPL</i> , approved suppliers, Full MRP | <i>Lead Eng. approval</i> , PAPL used for visibility, <i>P-Card option</i> , MRP | |



Specific Example of Process Tailoring and Cost Savings

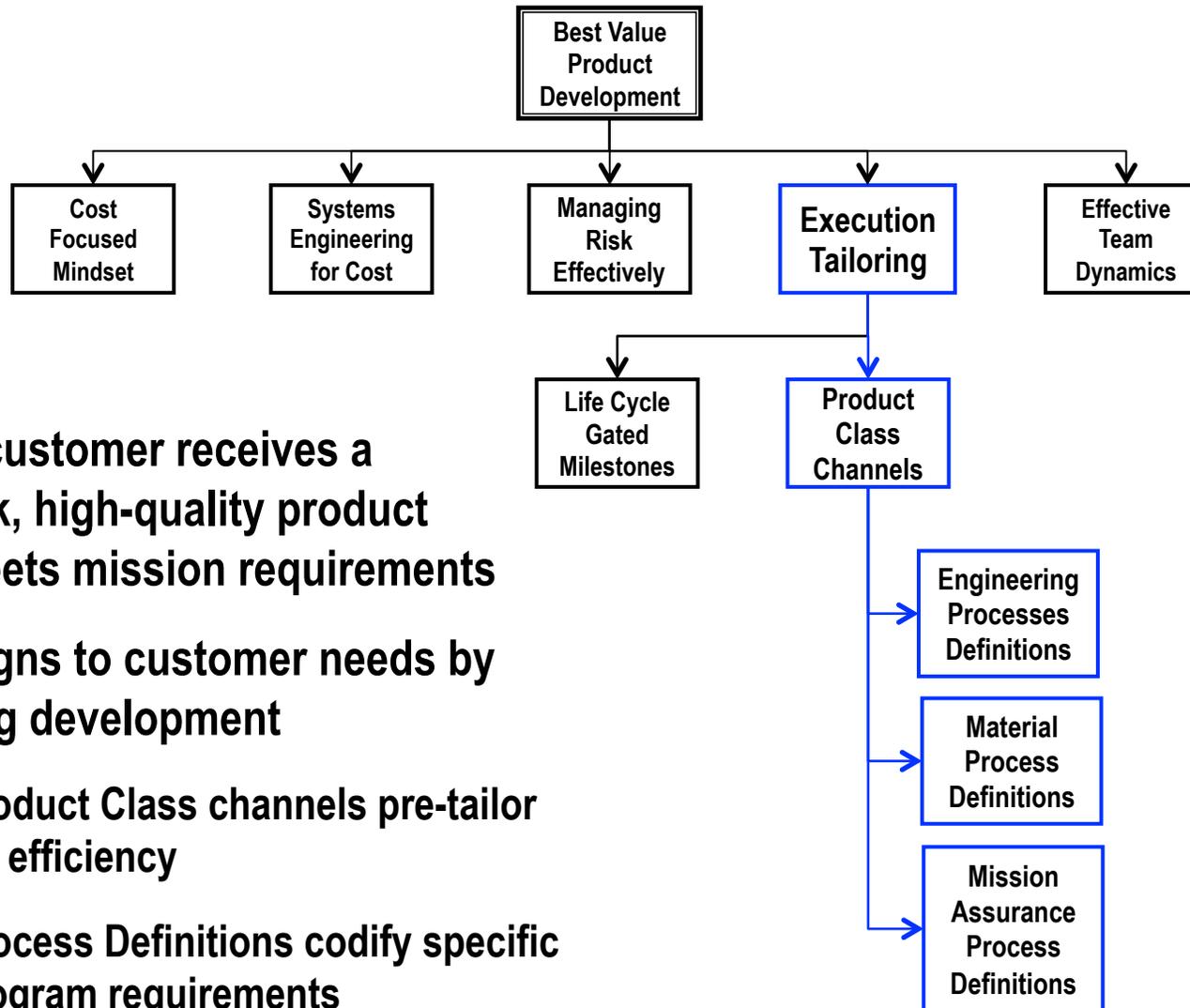
| Activity | PC1 | PC2 | PC3 |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| EE Reliability (FMEA/CIL) | FMEA/CIL required to demonstrate credible SPFs are controlled/mitigated, and no fault propagation to redundant hardware. | FMEA/CIL required to demonstrate credible SPFs are controlled/mitigated, and no fault propagation to redundant hardware. | FMEA/CIL required to demonstrate that a failure cannot propagate across external interface(s). |

- Very high leverage of existing designs and procurements
- High end-item verification ability
- Low evidence of assurance requirements
- Low required oversight





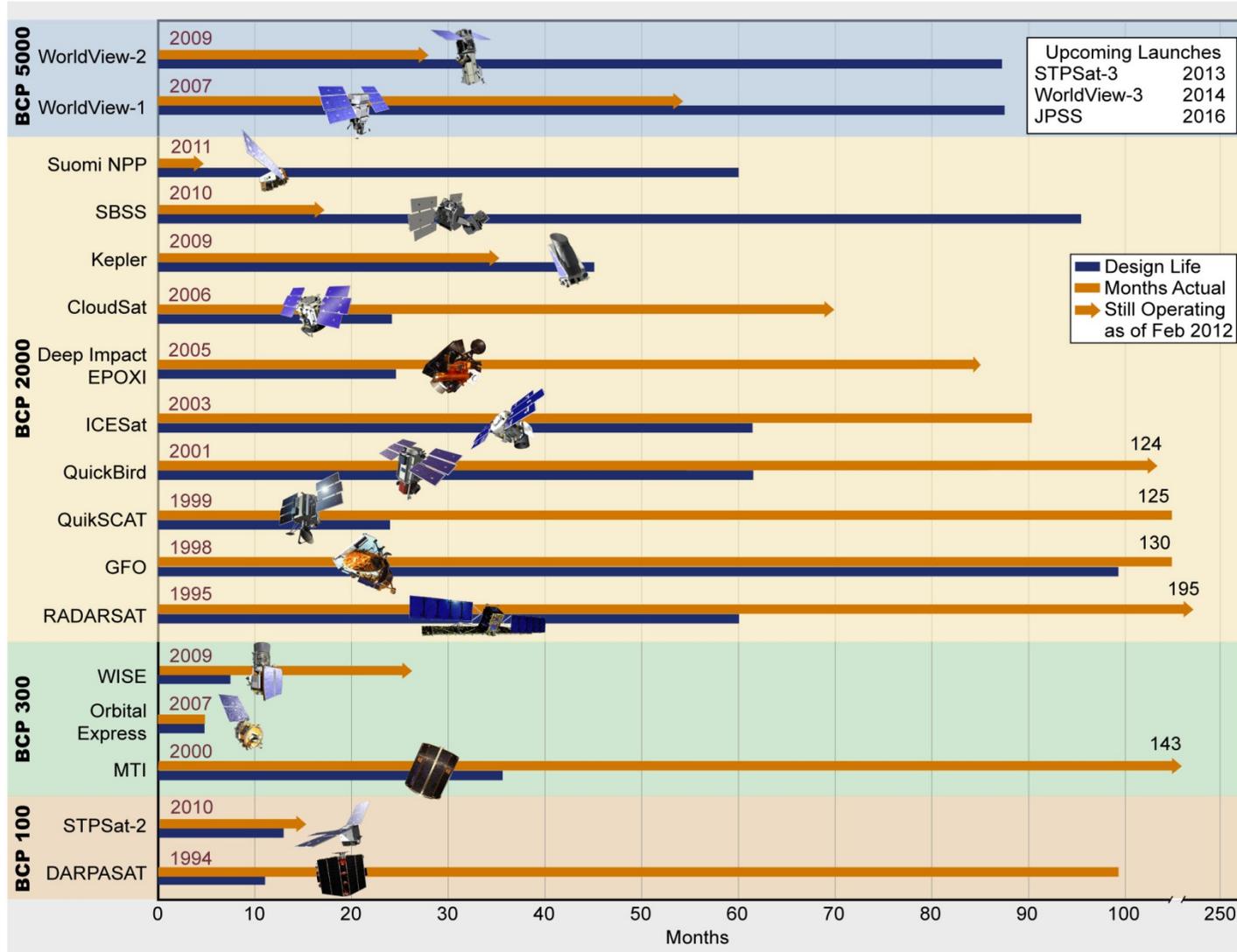
Execution Tailoring is Part of a Portfolio of Best-Value Practices to Meet Cost Objectives



- Every customer receives a low-risk, high-quality product that meets mission requirements
- Ball aligns to customer needs by tailoring development
 - ❖ Product Class channels pre-tailor for efficiency
 - ❖ Process Definitions codify specific program requirements



Mission Success is the Goal of Process Implementation



Mission Success is of Highest Importance

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Questions?

The Spectrum of Program Risk Profiles Demands Process Agility



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